

How Mobile Operators support deployment of eCall & Remote SIM provisioning and the lifecycle of eCall

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Agenda

GSMA participation to eCall task forces:
Periodic Technical Inspection
Life Cycle Management / End of Life

How does the GSMA remote SIM Provisioning support eCall?

Discover more & Q&A



GSMA participation to the European Commission work on eCall

- GSMA is actively contributing to the EeIP (European eCall Implementation Platform):
 - Task Force for Periodic Technical Inspections: investigated several options for performing the test of eCall in the in-vehicle system.
 - Task Force for Life Cycle Management: investigated the start of life, end of life of the eCall service and numbering aspects.

Work is still in progress



Periodic Technical Inspection task force proposal

- The Task Force produced a report that evaluates several options for car inspections
- Options differ by an increasing level of complexity and cost
- □ Two preferred options have been proposed to EeIP:
 - a) Diagnostic interface of vehicle only
 - b) Establishing connection to a test PSAP via long number stored on the USIM for this purpose.



Life Cycle Management Task force – Scope

Working on a report that focuses on two key lifetime events in the eCall service life cycle:

- Assignment of a public numbering resources to the eCall SIM and its activation on a mobile networks
- Identification of a trigger defining the end-of-life of the vehicle and its corresponding eCall SIM



Life Cycle Management Task force - Scope

The Task Force also looked into:

- The need to optimise the use of numbering and addressing resources
- The need to determine triggers that define the end-of-life of the SIM
- The entities involved and the process required to support the eCall end-of-life
- The viability of any recommendations made in this report considering the mandated timeframe for implementation



Vehicle life-cycle and stakeholders involved

Vehicle Life-cycle



Stakeholders

Vehicle Manufacturer SIM/module Manufacturer

MNO

National vehicle authority



End-of-Life proposals

The LCM Task Force has evaluated three options for the end-oflife:

- Define a set duration, renewal before expiration
- Renew duration at regular vehicle testing: good fit with PTI Task Force proposal
- Synchronize with the actual vehicle life time, by mean of a suitable and standard EU process to be defined



GSMA preferred solutions to End-of-life

The GSMA and their members are supportive for the first two solutions:

- Define a set duration, with possible renewal before expiration
- Renew duration at regular vehicle testing, solution that utilises the proposal from the PTI Task Force.
- Synchronize with the actual vehicle life time, by mean of a suitable harmonised process definition.



Reasons – Both solutions are:

- Simple: easy to implement with the current infrastructure available by the mobile industry
- □ Fast: can be implemented in a timely manner and be ready for the required deployment date
- **Flexible:** can be developed/refined in the future
- Global: can be implemented by any EU member state/ do not create a EU specific configuration which may raise costs and increase complexity for manufacturers
- □ Independent: from any numbering scheme/ arrangement



GSMA approach : suggested principles and criteria

- Promotes potential future innovation, by creating the base for future services.
- Interoperable solutions reduce deployment costs and facilitate scalability.
- GSMA Remote SIM provisioning initiative is an example of a flexible solution, specifically tailored to IoT service providers needs.
- □ Support **global models** rather than local/regional solutions.





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Remote provisioning of the embedded SIM

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Why GSMA Remote SIM Provisioning?

The IoT is fundamentally different from traditional telecom services

Distinct elements of the value chain will be performed in different geographies

Example: Automotive

Connected cars manufactured in one location



Distributed globally with installed sensors, seamless connectivity, data and analytics



What is a SIM? The Basics:





The Evolution Of The SIM Card





The Different SIMs

DRIVING INNOVATION

PHYSICAL TO DIGITAL



Traditional SIMs

Physical hardware (UICC) + hardcoded logical profile

Performs authentication and uses cryptography to authenticate

Predominantly single operator profile per SIM

User has to physically remove/swap SIMs to change service.

Takes up more room in device & adds logistics costs

Embedded SIMs

Physical hardware (eUICC) Hardware permanently integrated into device

Same security as regular removable SIM

Operator subscription provisioned remotely

Enables flexibility for customer/ proliferation of new devices / lowers cost



The GSMA Remote SIM Provisioning - Essential attributes for Operators





The GSMA Remote SIM Provisioning - Essential attributes for Operators

Profile interoperability



A SINGLE, COMMON AND GLOBAL SPECIFICATION TO ACCELERATE GROWTH IN M2M





- GSMA is supportive of the ongoing work within the eCall task forces
- 'The perfect is enemy of the good': a simple, fast, flexible, globally robust and numbering-scheme independent solution can be implemented within the initial eCall time frame
- The Remote provisioning of the Embedded SIM is a tool that aim at accelerating IoT deployments and supports all the above points.



Thank you

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About the GSMA

